

# Smart Health and Biomedical Research in the Era of Artificial Intelligence and Advanced Data Science (SCH) NSF 21-530

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**National Science Foundation** 

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National Institutes of Health

Webinar

December 21, 2020



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#### The NIH Smart Health Team

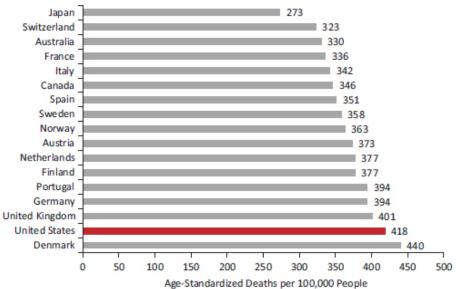
- Fenglou Mao, ODSS
- Dana Wolff-Hughes, OBSSR
- Robin Vanderpool, NCI
- James Gao, NEI
- Heather Colley, NHGRI,
- Erin Iturriaga, NHLBI
- Partha Bhattacharyya, NIA
- Ishwar Chandramouliswaran, NIAID
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- Deborah Duran, NIMHD
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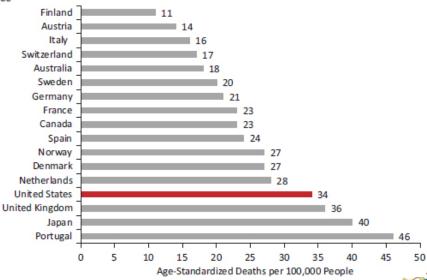
https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-21-011.html

#### **U.S.** Health: Shorter Lives, Poorer Health

#### Mortality from Non-Communicable Disease



#### Mortality from Communicable Disease





#### U.S. Children's Health Disadvantage

Children in the **US have the highest probability of dying before age 5** than any of the peer countries.



- Children in the US have the highest probability of dying before age 5 than any of the OECD peer country
- In 2004, 11% of US deaths before age 5 were from injuries
- In 2006, the US had the highest death rates due to negligence, maltreatment or physical assault.
- The violent death rate of US boys age 1-4 has exceeded the OECD average since the late 1960s.
- □ The US is ranked 24<sup>th</sup> of 30 (OECD) and 21 of 21 (UNICEF) on selected measures of children's well-being.

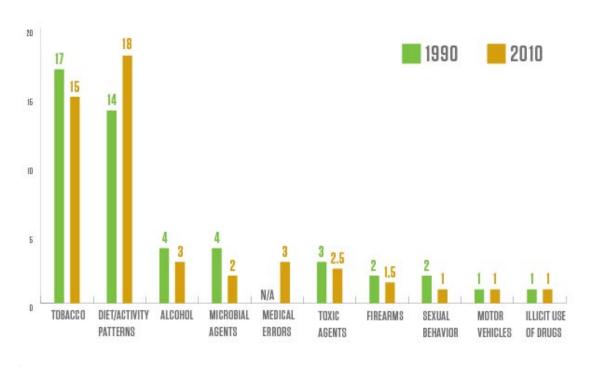




#### Half of Premature Deaths are Preventable

#### Poor Diet, Lack of Exercise Impede Progress on Reducing Early Deaths.

PERCENT OF EARLY DEATHS (BEFORE AGE 80) BY CAUSE, 1990 AND 2010





This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND

NOTE: Deaths due to medical errors not calculated in 1990.

SOURCE: J. Michael McGinnis, "Actual Causes of Death, 1990-2010," Workshop on Determinants of Premature Mortality, Sept. 18, 2013, National Research Council, Washington, D.C.





# Smart Health and Biomedical Research in the Era of Artificial Intelligence and Advanced Data Science

A cross-cutting program supported by NSF and NIH Proposals due to NSF on February 16, 2021 at 5:00pm The program funds:

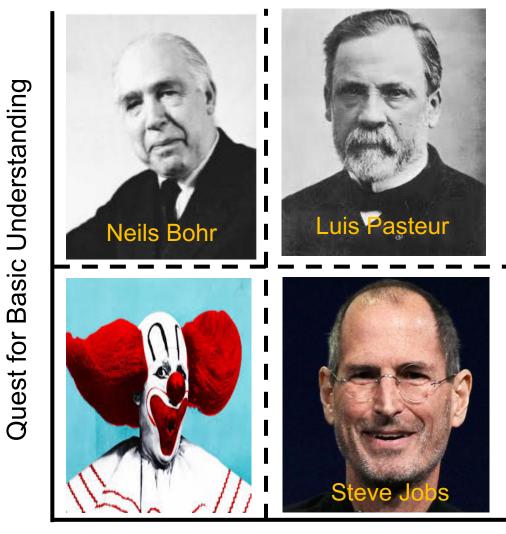
- Integrative Projects
- ≤ \$1,200,000 total cost, up to 4 years
- Interdisciplinary teams
- Contribution to fundamental science from at least two NSF sciences

SCH is a case of use-inspired basic research





#### Pasteur's Quadrant



Low High Application Inspired: Consideration of Use





#### What is the goal of Smart Health?

To support research and development of transformative high-risk, high-reward advances in computer and information science, engineering, mathematics, statistics, behavioral and/or cognitive science to address pressing questions in the biomedical and public health communities.

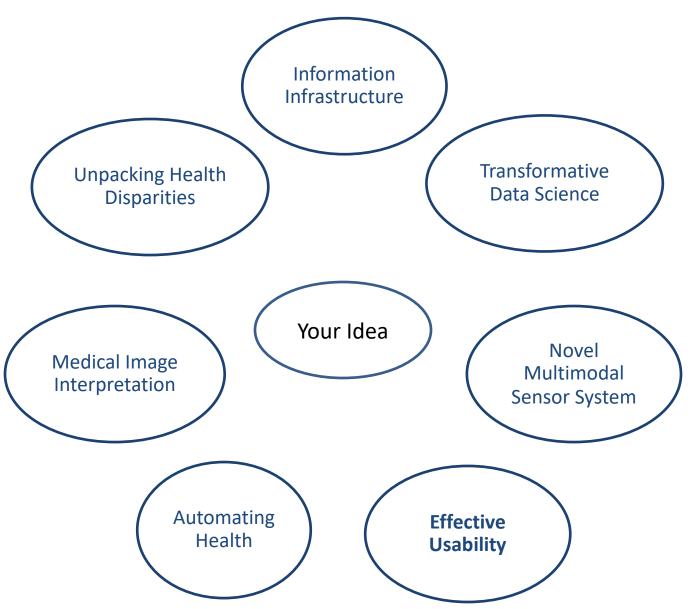
#### Proposals must include & address:

- √ Research gaps that exist in science & engineering
- √A key health/biomedical problem
- ✓ Include a team with appropriate research expertise in the major areas involved in the work
- •Activities should **complement** rather than duplicate core programs of NSF & NIH as well as those of other agencies (e.g., VA and AHRQ)





#### **Smart Health Research Thrusts**



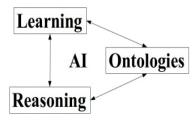
#### Information Infrastructure

Scalable and Interoperable Systems

- Scalable digital infrastructure, languages, and tools
- Syntactic and semantic interoperability
- Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable (FAIR) sharing and use of data



Enhanced knowledge Representation  Novel ontological systems and knowledge representation approaches



Ensuring high confidence security, privacy

- Methods for controlling and maintaining data integrity, provenance, security, privacy
- Providing trustworthy patient identification and authentication and access control protocols, while maintaining sensitivity to the legal, financial, cultural and ethical issues



#### Transformative Data Science

Fusion and Analysis

 Novel computational approaches for fusion and analysis of multi-level and multi-scale clinical, imaging, biomedical, personal, behavioral, social, contextual, environmental, and organizational data



Visualization and Modeling

 Robust knowledge representations, visualizations, reasoning algorithms, optimization, modeling and inference methods to support development of innovative predictive models



Visual, Behavioral
Contextual &
Multimodal data

- Computational models using nontraditional data
- Personalized models that focus on the context of health
- Longitudinal models focusing on human behavior and health



#### Novel Multimodal Sensor System

#### Sensor Systems

 Integrated sensor systems developed through innovative research on novel functional materials, devices and circuits for sensing or active interrogation of system states, imaging and communications



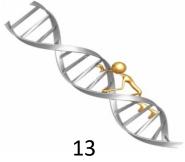
### Multimodal Approach

- Just-in-time implantable, wearable, or mobile monitoring of biomarkers through various transduction mechanisms:
  - Electrochemical, Biochemical, Magnetic
  - Mechanical, Optical, Acoustic, Electrical



Personalized Models

 Use of sensor data to inform the development of innovative AI, machine learning, mathematical and statistical approaches to build predictive models for learning and decision making.



#### Effective Usability

User- and Context- Tailored

 New user- and context-tailored approaches to support individuals to effectively participate in their own health, while reducing user burden and increasing autonomy



Diverse Users

 Effectively support users across socio-economic status, digital and health literacy, technology and broadband access, geography, gender, and ethnicity



#### **Automating Health**

#### Closed-Loop

 Research that enables interoperable, temporally synchronized, devices and systems to connect data and devices and create closed-loop or human-in-the-loop systems



# Modeling and Simulation

• Development of novel simulation and modeling that aid in the design and evaluation of new tools.



 New methods for enhancing digital clinical trials.



 Development of technology platforms which can be utilized across a range of settings (e.g., home, primary care, schools, criminal justice system, etc.)



#### **Medical Image Interpretation**

Image Presentation

 Develop knowledge on how human pattern recognition, visual search, perceptual learning, attentional biases, etc. can be used to improve presentation modalities and identify the sources of inter- and intraobserver variability



**Context and Environment** 

 Generate new models of how nonvisual contextual information or environmental variations impact the perception of complex images



Exploiting Implicit knowledge

- New methods to exploit experts' implicit knowledge to improve perceptual decision making
- Research on optimal methods for conveying 3D (and 4D) information



#### Unpacking Health Disparities

Reduce, Assess and Mitigate

- Develop holistic, data-driven or mathematical models to address the structural and/or social determinants of health.
- Proposers can also develop novel and effective strategies to measure, reduce and mitigate the effects of racism, explicit and implicit bias and their impacts on health outcomes.
- Computational approaches with social and behavioral models to better understand culture, context and person-centered solutions with diverse communities.
- Development of novel methods of distinguishing the complex pathways between and/or among levels of influence and domains.



#### **Review Process**

#### Interagency funding meeting

NSF proposals



Reviewers **NSF PDs NIH SROs** 

**NSF/NIH** joint review panels

> reviews, ratings, summaries, qualitative recommendations

> > reviews, summaries. quantitative scores

**NSF** award recommendations missions and priorities NIH award recommendations

For proposals that NIH would like to fund, PIs will be asked to submit them (without any changes to the project description) in the NIH format



#### NSF Merit Review Elements: Intellectual Merit and Broader Impacts

- 1. What is the potential for the proposed activity to
  - a. Advance knowledge and understanding within its own field or across different fields (Intellectual Merit); and
  - b. Benefit society or advance desired societal outcomes (Broader Impacts)?
- 2. To what extent do the proposed activities suggest and explore creative, original, or potentially transformative concepts?
- 3. Is the plan for carrying out the proposed activities well-reasoned, well-organized, and based on a sound rationale? Does the plan incorporate a mechanism to assess success?
- 4. How well qualified is the individual, team, or organization to conduct the proposed activities?
- 5. Are there adequate resources available to the PI (either at the home organization or through collaborations) to carry out the proposed activities?

Consider in top-down order.

Apply to broader impact activities as well as research.



#### What are Broader Impacts?

- Implicit (new knowledge, field, benefits to society ...)
- Explicit (technology transfer, results dissemination ...)
- Integration of Research and Education
  - Development of curriculum and supporting materials
  - Student involvement in emerging research and technology
  - Postdoctoral training (plan required if the proposal requests funding for one or more postdocs)
  - Data management (plan required)
- Broadening participation of underrepresented groups
  - Computer Science education, computer systems workforce
  - Gender, ethnicity, disability, geographic, etc.

CANNOT JUST BE THE BIOMEDICAL/HEALTH IMPACT





# Smart Health Specific Review Criteria



Scientific Requirement



Collaboration & Management Plan



**Evaluation Plan** 





# Proposals advance two fundamental science/engineering areas:

- Computer and Information Science, e.g., artificial intelligence, machine learning, informatics, computer architecture, databases, natural language technology, networks, robotics, etc.
- Engineering, e.g., multimodal sensor technology, signal processing, optimization, operations research, closed loop systems, dynamic systems analysis, materials, etc.
- Mathematics and Statistics, e.g., stochastic modeling, analysis, interpretation and characterizing uncertainty, etc.
- Social, Behavioral and Cognitive Sciences, e.g., perception, social psychology, cognition, emotion, economics, ethics, linguistics etc.

#### **Collaboration Plan**

## All proposals must include a Collaboration and Management Plan as supplementary document (no more than two pages)

#### The plan must describe:

- The description of the team and their roles.
- A plan for integration and ways to support interdisciplinary collaboration.
- The team member's expertise for the project.





#### **Evaluation**

#### All proposals must include an evaluation component

- Evaluation can target multiple areas:
  - Technical functioning,
  - Validity and reliability,
  - Usability; and,
  - Impact on biomedical/health outcomes
- Evaluations SHOULD NOT include randomized clinical trials





#### **Final Comments**



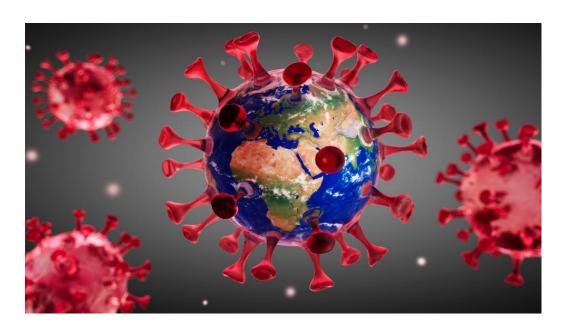


# What proposals are not appropriate for this solicitation?

- Proposals should not:
  - Focus only on advancing biological, biomedical and/or public health research without new fundamental science or engineering.
  - Propose an application of existing fundamental science to the biomedical domain.
  - Focus on a topic that fits the mission of another agency.

#### What about COVID-19?

- As a major public health issue, COVID-19 is a health application that is within the Smart Health scope.
- Proposers should focus on the fundamental scientific and engineering contribution, but also consider whether a proposal will be timely for a four-year award.









# **Getting Feedback for your** proposal

Send a one-page summary to NSF <u>SCH-</u> <u>Correspondence@NSF.gov</u> of your idea that briefly describes:

- The Project
- The Intellectual Merit (specific advances you expect to make in fundamental science/egineering)
- The Broader Impacts (health outcomes, outreach and education)

#### How does one apply?

#### NSF:

https://www.nsf.gov/pubs/2021/nsf2153 0/nsf21530.htm?org=NSF

• NIH:

https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-21-011.html

- Refer to NSF "Proposal and Award Policies and Procedures Guide"
- Email: NSF SCH-Correspondence@NSF.gov





#### Join our Listserv

#### ► SMARTHEALTH COMMUNITY

Join the electronic mailing list (LISTSERV) for forthcoming announcements by — Sending an e-mail message to <u>LISTSERV@LISTSERV.NSF.GOV</u> from the mailing address at which you want to receive announcements.

The **body of the message** should read *Subscribe SMARTHEALTH\_COMMUNITY* [your full name].

The message is case sensitive; so capitalize as indicated!

- **■** Don't include the brackets.
- ■The Subject line should be blank
- ■For example, for Robin Smith to subscribe, the message would read
- Subscribe SMARTHEALTH\_COMMUNITY Robin Smith.

You will receive a confirmation of your subscription along with instructions on using the listserv.





#### **Useful Website: www.nsf.gov**









**Effective** Research is a relay between basic and applied science



#### Thank you!

Questions or Comments?

Email:
SCH-Correspondence@NSF.gov



