EARNED VALUE MANAGEMENT (EVM) GOLD CARD

May 2025

This document outlines key earned-value concepts for managing U.S. National Science Foundation-funded projects that require earned value management. It helps measure project performance in terms of cost, schedule and scope, allowing stakeholders and NSF to effectively monitor and control projects, ensuring adherence to established project goals.

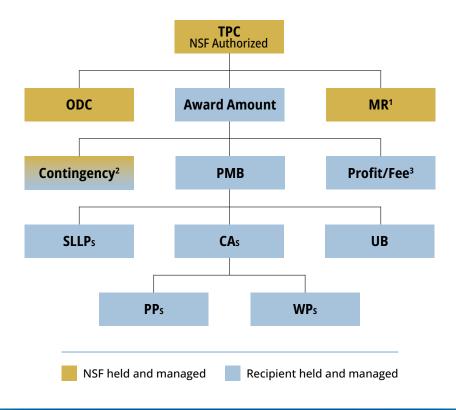


Figure 1: Diagram depicting the components comprising the Total Project Cost and whether the component is NSF held and managed, recipient held and managed, or both.

COMPONENTS

CA: Control Account = WPs + PPs

MR: Management Reserve

ODC: Other Direct Costs (including service or equipment provided by others)

PMB: Performance Measurement Baseline = CAs + UB + SLPPs = BAC

PP: Planning Package (far-term activities within a control account)

SLPP: Summary Level Planning Package

TPC: Total Project Cost

UB: Undistributed Budget (activities not yet distributed to control account)

WP: Work Package (near-term, detail-planned activities within a control account)

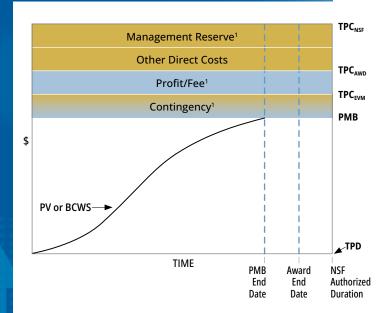


¹ If authorized as part of the Total Project Cost. MR is held by NSF.

² During execution, contingency moves into the PMB, per change control process.

³ If authorized as part of the Total Project Cost.

AT START OF CONSTRUCTION STAGE



TOTAL PROJECT COST

TPC_{NSF} = Total Project Cost (NSF authorized)

TPC_{AWD} = Award Amount to Awardee (PMB + contingency + profit/fee)

TPC_{EVM} = Total Project Cost managed by Awardee (PMB + contingency)

EVM BASIC COMPONENTS

AC = Actual Cost = ACWP = Actual Cost of Work Performed

 BAC = Budget at Completion = ∑BCWS = Sum of Budgeted Cost for Work Scheduled

EAC = Estimate at Completion = ACWP + ETC

ETC = Estimate(d) to Complete = Estimated Cost of Work Remaining (WR)

EV = Earned Value = BCWP = Budgeted Cost for Work Performed

PV = Planned Value = BCWS = Budgeted Cost for Work Scheduled

PERFORMANCE INDICES

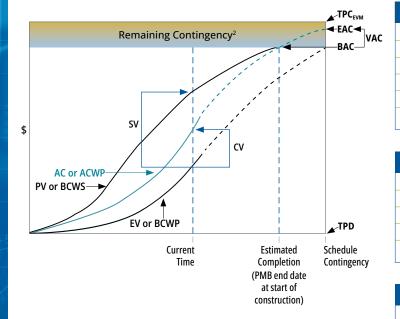
Favorable is >1.0, unfavorable is <1.0.

— CPI = EV/AC = BCWP/ACWP = Cost performance index

SPI = EV/PV = BCWP/BCWS = Schedule performance index

 $TCPI_{EAC}$ = WR/(EAC-AC_{cum}) = EAC-based to complete performance index

DURING CONSTRUCTION STAGE



VARIANCES

– CV³ = EV–AC = BCWP–ACWP = Cost variance

SV³ = EV-PV = BCWP-BCWS = Schedule variance

- CV% = (EV-AC)/EV = (BCWP- ACWP)/BCWP = Cost variance %

SV% = (EV-PV)/PV = (BCWP-BCWS)/BCWS = Schedule variance %

VAC = BAC-EAC = Variance at completion

OVERALL STATUS

- % scheduled = PV_{cum}/BAC = BCWS_{cum}/BAC

- % complete = EV_{cum}/BAC = BCWP_{cum}/BAC

— % budget spent = AC_{cum}/BAC = ACWP_{cum}/BAC

Work remaining (WR) = BAC-EV_{cum} = BAC-BCWP_{cum}

TOTAL PROJECT DURATION

TPD = Total Project Duration (PMB schedule + schedule contingency)

PMB Schedule = PMB end date (estimated completion)

Schedule Contingency = Duration based on schedule impacts of risks

ESTIMATE-AT-COMPLETION FORMULAE

EAC = BAC/CPI_{cum} = Estimate at completion (general)

EAC = AC_{cum} + ETC = Estimate at completion (general)

EAC_{CPIcum} = AC_{cum} + WR/CPI_{cum} = Estimate at completion (CPI)

EAC_{composite} = $AC_{cum} + WR/(CPI_{cum} *SPI_{cum})$ = Estimate at completion (composite)

RAEAC = AC_{cum} + ETC + risk exposure = Risk-adjusted estimate at

completion (general)

RAEAC = EAC + risk exposure = Risk-adjusted estimate at completion (general)

Notes

- ¹ If authorized as part of TPC.
- ² During execution, contingency moves into the PMB per change control process.
- ³ Favorable > 0, Unfavorable < 0.

cum = cumulative

